

43 Sparta Avenue Newton, NJ 07860

TEL211C1/M - January 26, 2024

Item # TEL211C1/M was discontinued on January 26, 2024. For informational purposes, this is a copy of the website content at that time and is valid only for the stated product.



OVERVIEW

Features

 Configurable OCT Systems Optimized for High-Resolution Imaging with Deep Penetration • 3.5 mm

Imaging Depth with 5.5 μm Axial Resolution in Air (1300 nm

Center Wavelength) • 7.0 mm Imaging Depth with 11 µm Axial

Resolution in Air (1325 nm Center

Wavelength) • Base Units with A-Scan Rates of 76

kHz Available • 111 dB Max Sensitivity at 5.5 kHz Scan Rate OCT Family Updates

We recently improved the OCT Base Units, and the new additions include:

- Fully Configurable Trigger for Integration into Larger
 Experiments
- Analog Input for Combining Other Data Sources
 with the OCT Signal
- Internal Hardware Diagnostics for Improved
 Troubleshooting

The SD-OCT standard scanners have also been redesigned with a new micrometer screw for more precise reference arm positioning.

New features added to ThorImage[®]OCT include a despeckle filter, 3D speckle variance mode, and automatic peak detection.



- Base Units with A-Scan Rates of 146 kHz Available
 109 dB Max Sensitivity at 10 kHz Scan Rate
- Includes Computer and ThorImage[®]OCT Software Package (See the Software Tab)
- Build-Your-Own and Preconfigured Systems Available

Choose Components to Build or Customize Your OCT System

- Choose from High-Resolution (1300 nm) or Long-Range (1325 nm) Base Units
- Standard and User-Customizable Scanners Available
- Scan Lens Kits to Optimize Lateral Resolution and Focal Length for Your Application
- Ring- and Immersion-Style Sample Z-Spacers for Air or Liquid Imaging Applications

Exploring the Options?



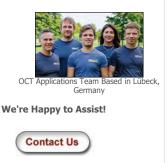
We can provide tailored recommendations and partner with you to obtain images of your samples, demonstrating the impact of the OCT base unit and probe optics on image quality. Demos of our OCT systems can be arranged at our Sterling, VA (USA); Shanghai, China; Tokyo, Japan; and Lübeck, Germany facilities. See the OCT Demo Rooms tab

In the Budgetary Phase?

System prices vary based on the exact components. Through our conversations, we can ensure your system quote is tailored to your requirements.

OEM or Custom Projects?

Click here to learn about our OEM capabilities.





- Scanner Stand and Translation Stage Accessories
- Contact Our OCT Team to Request a Quote and Discuss Building a System

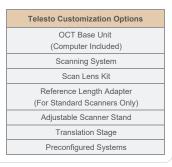
Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) is a noninvasive optical imaging technique that produces real-time, 2D cross-sectional and 3D volumetric images of a sample. This technique provides structural information about the sample based on light backscattered from different layers of material within that sample, producing images with micron-level resolution and millimeters of imaging depth. OCT imaging can be considered as an optical analog to ultrasound imaging that achieves higher resolution at the cost of decreased penetration depth. In addition to high resolution, the non-contact, noninvasive nature of OCT makes it well suited for imaging samples such as biological tissue, small animals, and industrial materials.

Thorlabs' Telesto[®] OCT Imaging Systems provide the flexibility required for long-range and high-resolution imaging applications. The 64-bit software pre-installed on the included computer displays and processes 2D and 3D OCT data in real time. Scanner options include a robust standard scanner and a user-customizable scanner. Optional accessories are available below to customize your OCT system to meet the requirements of your application. Additionally, Thorlabs offers complete, preconfigured OCT systems for 1300 nm or 1325 nm based on the components sold on this page, and each system is available with a maximum A-scan rate of 76 kHz or 146 kHz.

The components below can also be used to upgrade your existing Thorlabs OCT system with additional features and are fully compatible out of the box with Thorlabs' OCT systems and accessories. While most systems are upgradable, we recommend contacting the OCT Team to determine the optimal solution for your system and intended application.

Click on the Image Below or in the Table to the Right for Details on Customization Options





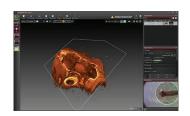
SOFTWARE

ThorImage[®]OCT Software Index

- Introduction
- Scan Control
 - Processing Options for Improving the Image Quality of OCT Images
 - Data Analysis for Measuring the Thickness of Layers
 - Third-Party Applications to Export/Reimport OCT Data
- Imaging Modes
 - 1D Mode for Single Point Measurements
 - 2D Mode for Cross-Sectional Imaging
 - 3D Mode for Volume Imaging
 - Doppler Mode for Doppler Flow Imaging
 - Speckle Variance Mode for Angiographic Imaging
- Externally-Triggered Acquisition for Synchronized Measurements
- Analog Input for Synchronization with other Modalities
- Software Development Kits for Writing Custom Programs
- Probe Calibration for Different Configurations
- Video Showing Screencast of Rendering Capabilities

ThorImageOCT Software

- Interactive Scan Position Control through Video Display for Common Line Scans or Freeform
 Pattern Scans
- Advanced Dataset Management
- Access to Raw Spectra, Processed Data, and All Calibration Files Necessary for User-Designed Processing Routines
- High-Speed Volume Rendering of 3D Data
- Doppler and Speckle Variance Imaging





• Versatile Scan and Acquisition Control, such as Averaging or Adjustable Scan Speeds

ThorImageOCT is a high-performance data acquisition software that is included with all Thorlabs

Click to Enlarge Rendered Volume of a Zebrafish with Modifiable Clipping Plane

OCT systems. This 64-bit Windows-based software acquires and displays OCT data, as well as includes scan control and processing options. Additionally, NI LabVIEW and C-based Software Development Kits (SDKs) are available, which contain a complete set of libraries for measurement control, data acquisition, and processing, as well as for storage and display of OCT images. The SDKs provide the means for developing highly specialized OCT imaging software for every individual application.

Scan Control

ThorImageOCT provides numerous scan and acquisition controls. The camera integrated in the scanner of our OCT systems provides live video images in the application software. Defining the scan line for 2D imaging or the scan area for 3D imaging is accomplished through the easy-to-use "Draw and Scan" feature by clicking on the video image.



Click to Enlarge The Sample Monitor can be used to define the scan pattern using the "Draw and Scan" feature.

Arbitrary forms defined by the Draw & Scan feature or loaded .txt files can be scanned. The scan pattern can also be adjusted by specifying suitable parameters in the controls of the software, as shown to the right.



Click to Enlarge Various acquisition parameters can be adjusted in ThorImageOCT.



A predefined circle scan pattern can be loaded and scanned in the software. The size can be changed with the Zoom feature.



A predefined triangle scan pattern can be loaded and scanned in the software. The size can be changed with the Zoom feature.

Additionally, one can further set processing parameters, averaging parameters, and the speed and sensitivity of the device using device presets. By using a highspeed preset, video-like frame rates in 2D and fast volume rendering in 3D are possible, whereas high-sensitivity acquisition is enabled by choosing a preset with a lower acquisition speed.

Processing Options

ThorImageOCT provides features specifically designed to improve the quality of OCT images. The data can be modified during acquisition using processing parameters, such as image field correction and undersampling filters, or afterwards with filters. As shown to the right, the despeckle filter can be applied to an image to reduce speckle noise without blurring details of the imaged structure.



Click to Enlarge OCT Image of a Human Tooth



Despeckle Filter Applied to an OCT Image of a Human Tooth

If additional processing functions are desired, ThorImageOCT can also integrate user-defined post-processing algorithms; see the Third Party Applications section for more details.

Data Analysis

ThorImageOCT includes several tools for convenient data analysis. The integrated marker tool serves to measures distances, as well as the structure size. Additionally, this tool can be used to display intensity profile of the OCT data across a line. For precise distance and thickness measurements, the refractive index of the material under investigation can be set.



The marker tool can be used to measure layer thickness.

ThorImageOCT provides advanced dataset management capabilities, which allow several datasets to be opened simultaneously. Datasets are uniquely defined using an identifier consisting of a study (or test series) name and an experiment number. Grouping of datasets can be achieved by using the same study name. The "Captured Datasets" list shows an overview of all open datasets, including the dataset identifier, the acquisition mode, and preview pictures of the still video image and the OCT data.

Datasets can be exported in various image formats, such as PNG, BMP, JPEG, PDF, or TIFF. The set can also be exported in complete data formats suited for post-processing purposes, such as RAW/SRM, FITS, VTK, VFF, and 32-bit floating-point TIFF.

The OCT file format native to ThorImageOCT allows OCT data, sample monitor data, and all relevant metadata to be stored in a single file. ThorImageOCT can also be installed and run on computers without OCT devices in order to view and export OCT data. The user has full access to the raw and processed data from the device, including additional data used for processing, e.g. offset errors.



The Dataset Management Window of ThorImageOCT

Third-Party Applications

If both ImageJ and ThorImageOCT are installed on the computer, opening acquired OCT data in ImageJ is one mouse click away. This enables a smooth workflow when requiring the advanced image processing functionality provided by ImageJ. Clicking the Explorer button will open the folder and select the file in Windows Explorer where the currently active dataset is stored.

Acquired OCT datasets can also be exported and modified in a third-party program, and then reimported back into the ThorImageOCT software. This functionality allows for fast and customized modifications of OCT images, while still using the dataset management of the ThorImageOCT software. As shown in the example to the right, OCT data (left) can be exported to ImageJ and a smoothing filter applied in the lateral direction (center). Using the "External Program" button allows the modified data to be reimported into ThorImageOCT for further analysis. For example, the peak detection tool can be used to measure the layer thicknesses (right).



OCT data of a plastic multilayered film with speckle.



Click to Enlarge A filter for smoothing lateral directions is applied to the image in ImageJ.



Export buttons are accessible in the Action Toolbar of

ThorImageOCT.

One Click Export

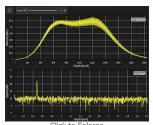
Click to Enlarge After smoothing the data in ImageJ, the marker tool in ThorImageOCT can be used to measure layer thickness.

Imaging Modes

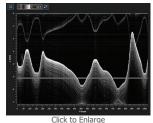
Different OCT imaging modes can be selected using the mode selector. If the ThorImageOCT software finds a compatible system connected and switched on, all operational modes will be selectable. If no OCT device is present, only the data viewing mode for viewing and OCT data export will be available.

1D Mode

In this mode, single-point measurements can be made that provide spectral and depth information, as well as the ability to observe time-related sample behavior with an M-scan.



Click to Enlarge Spectral and Depth Information for a Single Point (A-Scan)



Several A-Scans at a Single Point Over Time (M-Scan)

2D Mode

In the 2D imaging mode, the probe beam scans in one direction, acquiring cross-sectional OCT images which are then displayed in real time. Line averaging before or after the Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) is available, as well as B-Scan averaging. For long term measurements, a time series function, which has an adjustable time interval between two acquisitions, is included. Image display parameters, such as color mapping, can be controlled in this mode. We have also implemented an option for automatic calculation of the optimum contrast and brightness of the displayed OCT images.



Click to Enlarge ThorImageOCT Window in the 2D Mode

3D Mode

In the 3D imaging mode, the OCT probe beam scans sequentially across the sample to collect a series of 2D cross-sectional images which are then processed to build a 3D image.

To accommodate long term measurements, a time series function that takes a series of 3D measurements is available. The number of volumes to be acquired and the time interval between scans are adjustable.

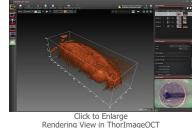
In the ThorImageOCT software, 3D volume datasets can be viewed as orthogonal cross-sectional planes (see below) and volume renderings.

The Sectional View features cross-sectional images in all three orthogonal planes, independent of the orientation in which the data was acquired. The view can be

rotated as well as zoomed in and out

The Rendering View provides a volumetric rendering of the acquired volume dataset. This view enables quick 3D visualization of the sample being imaged. Planes of any orientation can be clipped to expose structures within the volume. The 3D image can be zoomed in and out as well as rotated. Furthermore, the coloring and dynamic range settings can be adjusted.

Utilizing the full potential of our high-performance software in combination with our high-speed OCT systems, we have included a Fast Volume Rendering Mode in the ThorImageOCT software, which serves as a preview for high-resolution 3D acquisitions. In this mode, high-speed volume renderings can be displayed in real-time, providing rapid visualization of samples in three dimensions.

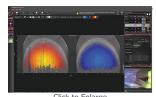




Click to Enlarge Sectional View in ThorImageOCT

Doppler Mode

Doppler OCT imaging comes standard with all OCT systems. In the Doppler mode, phase shifts between adjacent A-scans are averaged to calculate the Doppler frequency shift induced by particle motion or flow. The number of lateral and axial pixels can be modified to change velocity sensitivity and resolution during phase shift calculation. The Doppler images are displayed in the main window with a color map indicating forward- or backward-directed flow, relative to the OCT beam.



Click to Enlarge Doppler dataset showing the velocity of a rotated plastic stick with opposite flow directions

Speckle Variance Mode

The speckle variance imaging mode is an acquisition mode which uses the variance of speckle noise to calculate angiographic images. It can be used to visualize three dimensional vessel trees without requiring significant blood flow and without requiring a specific acquisition speed window. The speckle variance data can be overlaid on top of intensity pictures providing morphological information. Different color maps can be used to display the multimodal pictures.



Speckle variance measurement showing blood vessels of a mouse brain.

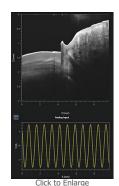
Externally-Triggered Acquisition

ThorImageOCT and the SDK APIs provide the ability to externally trigger the acquisition of A-Scans. This enables the user to synchronize measurements from different modalities (e.g. vibrometry and synchronized positioning) with an OCT measurement. Synchronization is greatly simplified with all current CameraLink-based Thorlabs OCT systems (a TTL level trigger signal source required). External triggering is available for all imaging modes and can be toggled in the settings dialog in ThorImageOCT.

Thorlabs' current generation of Ganymede (Item # GANxxx) and Telesto (Item #s TELxx1 & TELxx1PS) SD-OCT Systems include an external B-Scan trigger for synchronization with other experiments.

Analog Input for Synchronization with Other Modalities

Thorlabs' current generation of Ganymede (Item # GANxxx) and Telesto (Item #s TELxx1 & TELxx1PS) SD-OCT Systems include two analog input channels, which can be used to combine imaging modalities. The analog signal from another data source (i.e., fluorescence signal) is sampled and displayed simultaneously with the OCT signal.



Analog Data Visualization in the 2D Display

Software Development Kits

For maximum flexibility, customized solutions can be implemented in ThorImageOCT using software development kits (SDKs). Experienced software developers can

use these in a multitude of programming environments to tailor the use of Thorlabs OCT systems to their specific application. SDKs are available in:

- ANSI C with C++ Demo Programs
- ${\sf LabVIEW}^{\textcircled{B}}$ Including Demo Programs and Advanced Sample Code

Probe Calibration

Changing to a different scan lens kit will generally require a different probe configuration in order to adapt to changes in the optical parameters of the system. When an additional scan lens is purchased for your Thorlabs OCT scanner system. ThorlmageOCT enables you to easily create a fitting configuration for your new scan lens by using the calibration sample shipped with the lens and an intuitive step-by-step calibration process (shown to the right)



Click to Enlarge Probe Calibration Window in ThorImageOCT

Video Showing Screencast of ThorImageOCT Rendering Capabilities In this video, OCT images of a finger are acquired and manipulated in the 3D volume and cross section modes.

For information on the availability of ThorImageOCT version 5.5, please contact our OCT Support Team.

OCT TUTORIAL

Optical Coherence Tomography Tutorial

Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) is a noninvasive optical imaging modality that provides real-time, 1D depth, 2D cross-sectional, and 3D volumetric images with micron-level resolution and millimeters of imaging depth. OCT images consist of structural information from a sample based on light backscattered from different layers of material within the sample. It can provide real-time imaging and is capable of being enhanced using birefringence contrast or functional blood flow imaging with optional extensions to the technology.

Thorlabs has designed a broad range of OCT imaging systems that cover several wavelengths, imaging resolutions, and speeds, while having a compact footprint for easy portability. Also, to increase our ability to provide OCT imaging systems that meet each customer's unique requirements, we have designed a highly modular technology that can be optimized for varying applications.

Application Examples













Max







Conservation

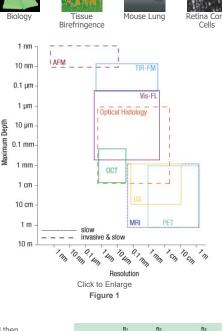
OCT is the optical analog of ultrasound, with the tradeoff being lower imaging depth for significantly higher resolution (see Figure 1). With up to 15 mm imaging range and better than 5 micrometers in axial resolution, OCT fills a niche between ultrasound and confocal microscopy.

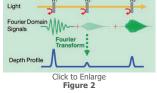
In addition to high resolution and greater imaging depth, the non-contact, noninvasive advantage of OCT makes it well suited for imaging samples such as biological tissue, small animals, and materials. Recent advances in OCT have led to a new class of technologies called Fourier Domain OCT, which has enabled high-speed imaging at rates greater than 700,000 lines per second.¹

Fourier Domain Optical Coherence Tomography (FD-OCT; Figure 2) is based on low-coherence interferometry, which utilizes the coherent properties of a light source to measure optical path length delays in a sample. In OCT, to obtain cross-sectional images with micron-level resolution, and interferometer is set up to measure optical path length differences between light reflected from the sample and reference arms.

There are two types of FD-OCT systems, each characterized by its light source and detection schemes: Spectral Domain OCT (SD-OCT) and Swept Source OCT (SS-OCT). In both types of systems, light is divided into sample and reference arms of an interferometer setup, as illustrated in Figure 3. SS-OCT uses coherent and narrowband light, whereas SD-OCT systems utilize broadband, low-coherence light sources. Back scattered light, attributed to variations in the index of refraction within a sample, is recoupled into the sample arm fiber and then combined with the light that has traveled a fixed optical path length along the reference arm. A resulting interferogram is measured through the detection arm of the interferometer.

The frequency of the interferogram measured by the sensor is related to depth locations of the reflectors in the sample. As a result, a depth reflectivity profile (A-scan) is produced by taking a Fourier transform of the detected interferogram. 2D cross-sectional images (B-scans) are produced by scanning the OCT sample beam across the sample. As the sample arm beam is scanned across the sample, a series of A-scans are collected to create the 2D image.





Similarly, when the OCT beam is scanned in a second direction, a series of 2D images are collected to produce a 3D volume data set. With FD-OCT, 2D images are collected on a time scale of milliseconds, and 3D images can be collected at rates now below 1 second.

Spectral Domain OCT vs. Swept Source OCT

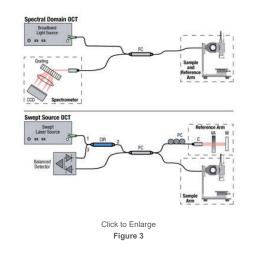
Spectral Domain and Swept Source OCT systems are based on the same fundamental principle but incorporate different technical approaches for producing the OCT interferogram. SD-OCT systems have no moving parts and therefore have high mechanical stability and low phase noise. Availability of a broad range of line cameras has also enabled development of SD-OCT systems with varying imaging speeds and sensitivities.

SS-OCT systems utilize a frequency swept light source and photodetector to rapidly generate the same type of interferogram. Due to the rapid sweeping of the swept laser source, high peak powers at each discrete wavelength can be used to illuminate the sample to provide greater sensitivity with little risk of optical damage.

FD-OCT Signal Processing

In Fourier Domain OCT, the interferogram is detected as a function of optical frequency. With a fixed optical delay in the reference arm, light reflected from different sample depths produces interference patterns with the different frequency components. A Fourier transform is used to resolve different depth reflections, thereby generating a depth profile of the sample (A-scan).

¹V.Jayaraman, J. Jiang, H.Li, P. Heim, G. Cole, B. Potsaid, J. Fujimoto, and A. Cable, "OCT Imaging up to 760 kHz Axial Scan Rate Using Single-Mode 1310 nm MEMs-Tunable VCSELs with 100 nm Tuning Range," CLEO 2011 - Laser Applications to Photonic Applications, paper PDPB2 (2011).

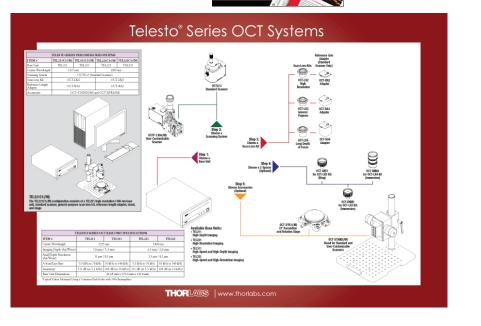


BROCHURES

Brochure and Configuration Chart

The buttons below link to PDFs of printable materials and a graphical customization guide for our Telesto® Series OCT Systems.





OCT DEMO ROOMS

Try Our OCT Imaging Systems In Person or

Virtually

From our OCT facility in Lüebeck, Germany and offices in Virginia, USA; Tokyo, Japan; and Shanghai, China; Thorlabs' application specialists and sales engineers look forward to helping you determine the best OCT system to meet your specific experimental needs. We can provide tailored recommendations and partner with you to obtain images of your samples, demonstrating the impact of the OCT base unit and probe optics on image quality.



Lübeck Demo Room

demo appointment, please email OCT@thorlabs.com.



Thorlabs' worldwide network allows us to operate demo rooms in a number of locations where you can see our OCT systems in action. We welcome the opportunity to work with you in person or virtually. A demo can be scheduled at any of our showrooms or virtually by contacting OCT@thorlabs.com.

Customer Support

Phone: +49 (0) 8131-5956-40840 Email: oct@thorlabs.com

> Demo Rooms and Customer Support Sites (Click Each Location for More Details)

> > Lübeck, Germany Thorlabs GmbH

Customer Support Phone: (703) 651-1700

Demo Rooms Ganymede™ Series SD-OCT Systems Telesto® Series SD-OCT Systems Telesto® Series PS-OCT Systems Atria® Series SS-OCT Systems Vega™ Series SS-OCT Systems

Demo Rooms Ganymede™ Series SD-OCT Systems Telesto[®] Series SD-OCT Systems

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Click to Enlarge



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Demo Rooms

Demo Rooms

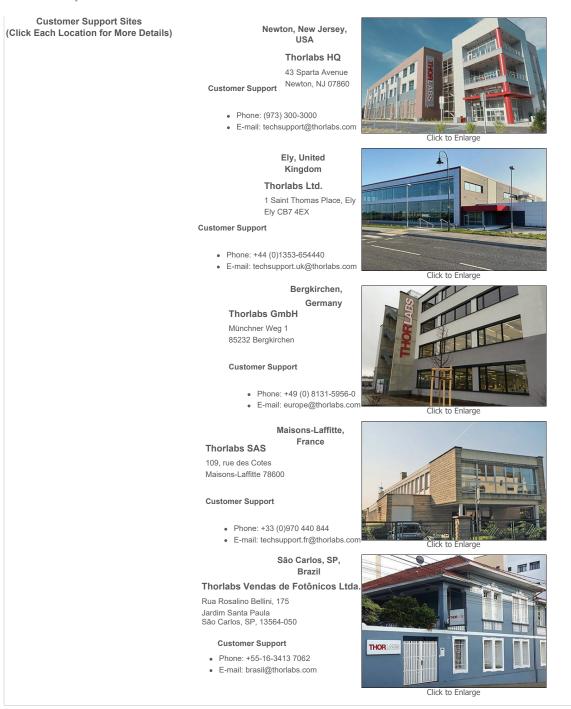
Ganymede[™] Series SD-OCT Systems

Ganymede™ Series SD-OCT Systems Telesto[®] Series SD-OCT Systems





Click to Enlarge



SELECTION GUIDE

Thorlabs offers a variety of OCT Imaging Systems to meet a range of application requirements. The OCT base unit and scan lens kit are key to OCT system performance. Significant performance characteristics, including axial resolution, A-Scan rate, and imaging depth, are entirely or strongly dependent on the design of the OCT base unit. The choice of scan lens kit determines other parameters, such as lateral resolution and field of view. Thorlabs offers a variety of OCT base units and scan lens kits that provide foundations for systems with a wide range of capabilities. The tables below present key performance parameters of our base units and include links to our other OCT imaging system pages. We encourage you to contact us directly at oct@thorlabs.com or via our online request form to discuss specific imaging requirements.

Base Unit Item # ^a	ATR206	ATR220	VEG210	VEG220	
Series Name (Click for Link)	Atria®		Vega™		
Key Performance Feature(s)	Long Imaging Range	High Speed	Long Imaging Range		
reature(s)	High Re	esolution	General Purpose High Speed		
Center Wavelength	1060 nm		1300 nm		
Imaging Depth ^b (Air/Water)	20 mm / 15 mm	6.0 mm / 4.5 mm	11 mm / 8.3 mm	8.0 mm / 6.0 mm	

Swept Source OCT Base Units

Axial Resolution ^b (Air/Water)	11 μm / 8.3 μm		14 μm / 10.6 μm		
A-Scan Line Rate	60 kHz	200 kHz	100 kHz	200 kHz	
Sensitivity (Max) ^c	102 dB	97 dB	102 dB	98 dB	

a. These Item #s are OCT base units that can be customized using a wide selection of OCT

scanners, lens kits, and optional accessories.

- b. Axial resolution and actual imaging depth are dependent on the optical properties of the sample being imaged.
- c. Values measured for the Atria and Vega systems are typical and were measured using a scanner with a dual path setup.

Spectral Domain OCT Base Units								
GAN111	GAN111 GAN312 GAN612 GAN332 GAN632							
		Ganymede™						
ature(s) High Resolution High Resolution				Very High Resolution				
High Resolution	High Speed	Very High Speed	High Speed	Very High Speed				
		880 nm						
3.4 mm / 2.5 mm	3.4 mm /	2.5 mm	1.6 mm /	/ 1.2 mm				
6.0 μm / 4.5 μm	6.0 μm /	6.0 μm / 4.5 μm		/ <2.2 μm				
1.5 kHz to 20 kHz	1.5 kHz to 80 kHz	5 kHz to 248 kHz	1.5 kHz to 80 kHz	5 kHz to 248 kHz				
106 dB	106 dB	102 dB	106 dB	102 dB				
	High Resolution 3.4 mm / 2.5 mm 6.0 μm / 4.5 μm 1.5 kHz to 20 kHz	High Resolution High Re 3.4 mm / 2.5 mm 3.4 mm / 6.0 μm / 4.5 μm 6.0 μm / 1.5 kHz to 20 kHz 1.5 kHz to 80 kHz	Ganymede™ Ganymede™ High Resolution High Speed Yery High Speed Very High Speed 3.4 mm / 2.5 mm 3.4 mm / 2.5 mm 6.0 µm / 4.5 µm 6.0 µm / 4.5 µm 1.5 kHz to 20 kHz 1.5 kHz to 80 kHz 5 kHz to 248 kHz	Ganymede™ Ganymede™ High Resolution High Resolution Very High New High Resolution High Speed Very High Speed 3.4 mm / 2.5 mm 3.4 mm / 2.5 mm 1.6 mm / 1.6 mm 6.0 µm / 4.5 µm 6.0 µm / 4.5 µm <3.0 µm / 1.5 kHz to 20 kHz				

a. These Item #s are OCT base units that can be customized using a wide selection of OCT scanners, lens kits, and optional accessories.

b. Axial resolution and actual imaging depth are dependent on the optical properties of the sample being imaged.

c. Values for the Ganymede systems are typical and were measured using a scanner with a common reference/sample path and 50% path split

TEL211 TEL311 TEL221 TEL321 TEL211PS TEL221PS Base Unit Item #a Series Name (Click for Link) Telesto® Telesto[®] PS-OCT High Imaging Depth High Resolution High Imaging Depth High Resolution Key Performance Feature(s) General Purpose High Speed General Purpose High Speed Polarization Sensitive-Imaging 1325 nm 1300 nm 1325 nm 1300 nm Center Wavelength 7.0 mm / 5.3 mm 3.5 mm / 2.6 mm 7.0 mm / 5.3 mm 3.5 mm / 2.6 mm Imaging Depth^b (Air/Water) Axial Resolution^b (Air/Water) 11 µm / 8.3 µm 5.5 µm / 4.2 µm 11 µm / 8.3 µm 5.5 µm / 4.2 µm A-Scan Line Rate 5.5 kHz to 76 kHz | 10 kHz to 146 kHz | 5.5 kHz to 76 kHz | 10 kHz to 146 kHz 5.5 kHz to 76 kHz 5.5 kHz to 76 kHz 111 dB 109 dB 111 dB 109 dB 109 dB 109 dB Sensitivity (Max)^c

a. These Item #s are OCT base units that can be customized using a wide selection of OCT scanners, lens kits, and optional accessories.

b. Axial resolution and actual imaging depth are dependent on the optical properties of the sample being imaged.

c. Values for the Telesto systems are typical and were measured using a scanner with a common reference/sample path and 50% path split.

Telesto[®] Series Complete Preconfigured Systems

Complete Preconfigured 1300 nm or 1325 nm OCT Systems (See Tables Below)



- Item # TEL311C1(/M): High-Speed and Long-Range Imaging
- Item # TEL221C1(/M): General-Purpose Imaging

Item # TEL211C1(/M): Long-Range Imaging

- Item # TEL321C1(/M): High-Speed and General-Purpose Imaging
- ▶ Fully Customizable Using Other Telesto[®] Series Components
- Configurable Trigger for Integration into Larger Experiments
- Analog Input for Combining Other Data Sources with the OCT Signal
- Internal Hardware Diagnostics for Improved Troubleshooting

Thorlabs offers four complete, preconfigured Telesto OCT systems, each of which is fully compatible with all Telesto Series OCT components. The TEL211C1(/M) system has a 1325 nm center wavelength and is optimized for imaging deep into the sample. The TEL311C1(/M) doubles the maximum A-Scan rate of the TEL211C1(/M), yielding a maximum of 146 kHz, while matching all of its other performance parameters when operated at equal A-Scan rates (28 kHz and 76 kHz). The TEL221C1(/M) system features a center wavelength of 1300 nm, a maximum A-Scan rate of 76 kHz, and is designed for general purpose imaging applications. The TEL321C1(/M), with a maximum A-Scan rate of 146 kHz, is the high-speed version of the TEL221C1(/M).

These Telesto Series preconfigured OCT system configurations are built completely from components sold in sections located lower on this page. Each preconfigured system includes the three OCT system core components (the base unit, a scanning system with its reference length adapter, and a scan lens kit), as well as two optional accessories (scanner stand and translation stage). For more information about a component included in the preconfigured systems, click on the component description in the table below to navigate down to the related section on this page.

For information about these systems or to inquire about custom configurations, please contact oct@thorlabs.com.

Preconfigured System Included Components ^a						
System Item #	TEL211C1(/M) TEL311C1(/M) TEL221C1(/M) TEL321C1(/M)					
Base Unit	TEL211	TEL311	TEL221	TEL321		
Scanning System	OCTG13 (Standard Scanner)					
Scan Lens Kit	OCT-LK4 OCT-LK3					

Reference Length Adapter		OCT-RA4	OCT-RA3
Accessories: Scanner Stand and		OCT-STAND (Stand) and OCT-XYR1 (Stage)	
Translation Stage	Metric		M (Stand) and /M (Stage)

Preconfigured System Key Specifications						
System Item #	TEL211C1(/M)	TEL211C1(/M) TEL311C1(/M) TEL221C1(/M)				
Imaging Depth (Air/Water)	7.0 mm	/ 5.3 mm	3.5 mm	/ 2.6 mm		
Axial Resolution (Air/Water)	11 µm .	/ 8.3 µm	5.5 μm / 4.2 μm			
Lateral Resolution	20 µm		13 µm			
A-Scan/Line Rate	5.5 - 76 kHz ^a	10 - 146 kHz ^b	5.5 - 76 kHz ^a	10 - 146 kHz ^b		
Sensitivity (Max) ^c	111 dB (at 5.5 kHz)	109 dB (at 10 kHz)	111 dB (at 5.5 kHz)	109 dB (at 10 kHz)		

a. Four Discrete A-Scan Rates: 5.5 kHz, 28 kHz, 48 kHz, and 76 kHz

b. Four Discrete A-Scan Rates: 10 kHz, 28 kHz, 76 kHz, and 146 kHz

c. Typical Values Measured Using a Scanner with a Common Reference/Sample Path and 50% Path

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
TEL211C1/M	Spectral Domain OCT System, 1325 nm, 11 µm Resolution, 5.5 to 76 kHz, Metric	\$76,865.55	Lead Time
TEL311C1/M	Spectral Domain OCT System, 1325 nm, 11 µm Resolution, 10 to 146 kHz, Metric	\$88,511.85	Lead Time
TEL221C1/M	Spectral Domain OCT System, 1300 nm, 5.5 µm Resolution, 5.5 to 76 kHz, Metric	\$81,524.07	Lead Time
TEL321C1/M	Spectral Domain OCT System, 1300 nm, 5.5 µm Resolution, 10 to 146 kHz, Metric	\$93,170.36	Lead Time
TEL211C1	Spectral Domain OCT System, 1325 nm, 11 µm Resolution, 5.5 to 76 kHz	\$76,865.55	Lead Time
TEL311C1	Spectral Domain OCT System, 1325 nm, 11 µm Resolution, 10 to 146 kHz	\$88,511.85	Lead Time
TEL221C1	Spectral Domain OCT System, 1300 nm, 5.5 µm Resolution, 5.5 to 76 kHz	\$81,524.07	Lead Time
TEL321C1	Spectral Domain OCT System, 1300 nm, 5.5 µm Resolution, 10 to 146 kHz	\$93,170.36	Lead Time

OCT Base Units (Required OCT System Component)



Split

1300 nm or 1325 nm Center Wavelength Options

1325 nm, Long Range: 7.0 mm Imaging Depth and 11 µm Resolution in Air

1300 nm, High Resolution: 3.5 mm Imaging Depth and 5.5 μm Resolution in Air

Each Base Unit has Four A-Scan Rates for Flexibility in Imaging Speed and Sensitivity

TEL2x1: 5.5 kHz to 76 kHz A-Scan Rate; 111 dB Max Sensitivity

- TEL3x1: 10 kHz to 146 kHz A-Scan Rate; 109 dB Max Sensitivity
- Fully Configurable Trigger for Integration into Larger Experiments
- Analog Input for Combining Other Data Sources with the OCT Signal
- Internal Hardware Diagnostics for Improved Troubleshooting

The imaging performance of any OCT system is largely dependent on the design and components incorporated into the base unit. All of Thorlabs' OCT Base Units include an OCT engine, high-performance computer, pre-installed software, and a software development kit (SDK). For the Telesto[®] OCT Base Units, the engine is comprised of a superluminescent diode light source, scanning electronics, and a linear InGaAs array-based spectrometer for detection. The engine and detection components are integrated into a 411.8 mm x 325.0 mm x 143.0 mm (16.21" x 12.80" x 5.63") housing. For a fully operational system, one scanning system and a scan lens kit (both sold separately below) must be purchased along with a base unit.

For synchronization with other experiments, two analog inputs are included on the base units; this allows other data sources to be combined or overlayed with the OCT signal. The OCT base units also feature a fully configurable trigger that is extensively programmable in our ThorImage[®]OCT software. The trigger can be operated as either an input, responding to external signals, or an output, generating trigger signals. Trigger signals can be sent at the start of each A-, B-, or volume scan, as well as after an arbitrary number of scans.

Deep-Imaging Base Units

Thorlabs TEL211 and TEL311 Deep-Imaging Base Units are designed using an SLD1325 superluminescent diode that provides over 100 nm of spectral bandwidth and enables the base units to achieve a very high 7.0 mm imaging depth with 11 µm of axial imaging resolution in air. For these reasons, these base units are the ideal choice for long-range imaging of highly-scattering samples in an air medium. The TEL311 is capable of operating at A-Scan rates up to 146 kHz, which is twice as fast as the TEL211. At equal A-Scan rates (28 kHz and 76 kHz), the two perform equally well. As the TEL211 offers a lower A-Scan rate option than the TEL311, it provides a higher sensitivity: 111 dB sensitivity at 5.5 kHz for the TEL211 compared with 109 dB at 10 kHz for the TEL311.

High-Resolution Base Units

Our TEL221 and TEL321 High-Resolution Base Units feature Thorlabs' highest resolution OCT imaging capability at 1300 nm. An ideal choice for high-resolution imaging in scattering samples, these base units utilize Thorlabs' unique matched-pair superluminescent diodes for over 170 nm of bandwidth that translates to 5.5 µm axial resolution at an imaging depth of 3.5 mm in air. The TEL321 is capable of operating at A-Scan rates up to 146 kHz, which is twice as fast as the TEL221. At equal A-Scan rates (28 kHz and 76 kHz), the two perform equally well. As the TEL221 offers a lower A-Scan rate option than the TEL321, it provides a higher sensitivity: 111 dB sensitivity at 5.5 kHz for the TEL221 compared with 109 dB at 10 kHz for the TEL321.

Base Unit Item #	TEL211	TEL311	TEL221	TEL321
Description	Long-Ran	ge Imaging	High-Resolu	ition Imaging
Center Wavelength	1325 nm		1300 nm	
Imaging Depth (Air/Water)	7.0 mm / 5.3 mm		3.5 mm	/ 2.6 mm
Axial Resolution				



To be functional, an OCT system build must include a base unit, a scanning system, and a scan lens kit.

(Air/Water)	11 μm / 8.3 μm 5.5, 28, 48, & 76 kHz 10, 28, 76, & 146 kHz		5.5 μm / 4.2 μm		
A-Scan Line Rate			5.5, 28, 48, & 76 kHz 10, 28, 76, & 146		
Sensitivity ^a	96 dB (at 76 kHz) to 111 dB (at 5.5 kHz)	91 dB (at 146 kHz) to 109 dB (at 10 kHz)	96 dB (at 76 kHz) to 111 dB (at 5.5 kHz)	91 dB (at 146 kHz) to 109 dB (at 10 kHz)	
Maximum Pixels per A- Scan		10	1024		
Compatible Scanners	OCTP-1300, OCTP-1300/M, and OCTG13				

a. Typical Values Measured Using a Scanner with a Common Reference/Sample Path and 50% Path Split

Computer Specifications ^a				
Operating System Windows 10, 64 Bit				
Processor 8 Core, 3.0 GHz				
Memory 32 GB				
Hard Drive 512 GB SSD				
Data Acquisition Camera Link				

a. Computer Specifications Subject to Change

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
TEL211	Telesto OCT Base Unit, 1325 nm, 11 µm Resolution, 5.5 to 76 kHz	\$58,231.48	Lead Time
TEL311	Telesto OCT Base Unit, 1325 nm, 11 µm Resolution, 10 to 146 kHz	\$69,877.77	Lead Time
TEL221	Telesto OCT Base Unit, 1300 nm, 5.5 µm Resolution, 5.5 to 76 kHz	\$62,890.00	Lead Time
TEL321	Telesto OCT Base Unit, 1300 nm, 5.5 µm Resolution, 10 to 146 kHz	\$74,536.29	Lead Time

Scanning Systems (Required OCT System Component)

Scan an OCT Light Source Beam Across a Sample to Acquire 2D or 3D Images

Each scanner contains an OCT interferometer with a sample arm and a reference arm.

The reference arm of the OCT interferometer is placed near the sample and housed within the scanning system itself to guarantee the phase stability of the sample arm relative to the reference

arm. To account for different sample distances and reflectivities (e.g., while imaging through water), the reference arm path length, as well as the reference arm intensity, is user-adjustable. To

minimize image distortion caused by dispersion, our OCT systems are designed to optically match

the reference and sample arm lengths to the greatest extent possible. Dispersion effects from the

ThorImage OCT software. For customers interested in dual-path setups, any of these scanners can be configured without a beamsplitter; please contact oct@thorlabs.com for more information.

sample (e.g., imaging through water or glass) can be compensated for using the included

- Two Available Options
 - Standard Scanner for High Stability and Ease-of-Use
 - User-Customizable Scanners with Open Construction for Customization of Scan Path

Thorlabs' OCT Scanning Systems are designed to scan the OCT light source beam across a sample for 2D crosssectional and 3D volumetric imaging. OCT applications can vary widely, from live animal imaging to industrial materials analysis, with each requiring a different set of scanning parameters. We currently offer standard a user-customizable beam scanning systems for use with our Telesto® Base Units.





TEL321

Standard OCT Scanner

dard and	JCT Scanner		
Scanner T	уре	Item #	Compatible Base Units
Standard ^a		OCTG13	TEL211
User-Cust	omizable	OCTP-1300(/M)	TEL221 TEL311

a. Standard Scanner Requires Purchase of Reference Length Adapter

All scanners are equipped with an integrated camera that can obtain real-time en face video of the sample during OCT measurements when used with our ThorImage OCT software (see the Software tab for details). Illumination of the sample is provided by a ring of user-adjustable white light LEDs around the exit aperture of each scanner

Standard Scanner

The OCTG13 Standard Scanner is ideal for imaging applications that require a stable, easy-to-operate setup. The entire design of the standard scanner is contained within a rugged, light-tight housing that minimizes the risk of misalignment. For precise measurements and fine adjustments of the reference arm length, a micrometer screw is located at the top of the standard scanner. A reference length adapter, which must be purchased separately, is required for this scanner.

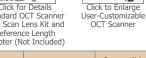


To be functional, an OCT system build must include a base unit, a scanning system, and a scan lens kit.

User-Customizable Scanner

The OCTP-1300(/M) User-Customizable Scanner is designed with an open construction to enable easy customization of the optical beam path using Thorlabs' standard optomechanical components. This scanner features SM1 (1.035"-40) ports and 4-40 tapped holes at several locations that allow mounting of SM1-threaded or 30 mm cage-compatible components, respectively. The scan lens port is directly compatible with either M25 x 0.75 or SM1-threaded components, and can be converted to other thread standards, such as RMS (0.800"-36) via our selection of thread adapters. Additional scanning and non-scanning optical input/output ports are available for integration of a laser for fluorescence excitation or additional sample illumination.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
OCTP-1300/M	Customer Inspired! User-Customizable Scanner for 1300 nm & 1325 nm SD-OCT Systems, Metric	\$13,975.55	Lead Time
OCTG13	Standard Scanner for 1300 nm & 1325 nm SD-OCT Systems	\$13,393.24	Lead Time
OCTP-1300	Customer Inspired! User-Customizable Scanner for 1300 nm & 1325 nm SD-OCT Systems, Imperial	\$13,975.55	Lead Time





Telecentric Scan Lenses Provide a Flat Imaging Plane Lenses AR Coated for 1315 ± 65 nm

functional, an OCT system build must include a base unit, a scanning system, and a scan Scan Lens Kits Include lens kit.

Also Reg ired

se Unit

Scanning Syste

To be

Telecentric Scan

- Lens
- Illumination Tube
- IR Card
- Calibration Target

Thorlabs' Scan Lens Kits enable easy exchange of scan lenses in an OCT system, providing the flexibility to tailor imaging resolution or working distance for each application. Based on our line of OCT

The cross sectional images of a finger pad, shown below, were taken with a Telesto® Series OCT system fitted with the OCT-LK2 (left) and OCT-LK4 (right) scan lens kits. The selection of available Telesto series components offer significant flexibility in building an OCT system optimized for your application.



Lateral Resolution: 7

μm

OCT-LK4 Deep Imaging

Click to Enlarge Magnification: 3X Scan Region: 16 mm x 3.5 mm Lateral Resolution: 20 µm

telecentric scan lenses, these lens kits minimize image distortion without extensive post-image processing and maximize coupling of the light scattered or emitted from the sample surface into the detection system. As seen in the table below, we offer four scan lens kits compatible with the standard (Item # OCTG13) and usercustomizable (Item # OCTP-1300) scanners.

Each kit includes a telecentric scan lens, illumination tube, IR card, and calibration target. The included illumination tube serves as a light guide that channels light from the LED illumination ring down to the sample area. The IR card and calibration target are provided for calibration of the scanning mirror and lens kit, ensuring the best image quality when swapping between scan lenses.

Item #	OCT-LK2	OCT-LK3	OCT-LK4	
Click Image to Enlarge	E .	E Contraction of the second se		
Design Wavelength	1300 nm / 1325 nm			
Compatible Scanner	OCTG13 (Standard) or OCTP-1300 (User-Customizable)			
Lateral Resolution ^a	7 µm	13 µm	20 µm	
Effective Focal Length	18 mm	36 mm	54 mm	
Working Distance	3.4 mm (with Tube) ^b 7.5 mm (without Tube)	24.9 mm (with Tube) ^b 25.1 mm (without Tube)	41.6 mm (with Tube) ^b 42.3 mm (without Tube)	
Field of View	6 mm x 6 mm	10 mm x 10 mm	16 mm x 16 mm	
Lens Threading	M25 x 0.75	M25 x 0.75	M25 x 0.75	

a. 1/e² Beam Diameter at Focus

OCT-RA4

Que .

OCT-RA2

OCT-RA3

b. The illumination tube is user-removable.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
OCT-LK2	OCT Scan Lens Kit, 18 mm EFL, 1300 nm / 1325 nm	\$2,257.05	Lead Time
OCT-LK3	OCT Scan Lens Kit, 36 mm EFL, 1300 nm / 1325 nm	\$1,544.30	Lead Time
OCT-LK4	OCT Scan Lens Kit, 54 mm EFL, 1300 nm / 1325 nm	\$1,544.30	Lead Time

Reference Length Adapters (Required for Standard Scanners)

Reference length adapters also enable the user to quickly swap between different scan lens kits

- Arm Adapters for Matching Reference Path Length to the Sample Path Length
- Use Multiple Reference Adapters for Rapid Switching Between Scan Lens Kits
- Must be Purchased with Standard Scanner (Item # OCTG13)

These adapters adjust the reference arm path length within the OCTG13 Standard Scanner to match the sample path length of the scan lens used. Choose from three options that are compatible with the scan lens kits sold above.

ltem # ^a	Compatible Scan Lens Kit
OCT-RA2	OCT-LK2
OCT-RA3	OCT-LK3
OCT-RA4	OCT-LK4

a. Multiple reference adapters can be purchased for rapid switching between scan lens kits.

without going through extensive adjustments during each switch. The table to the right provides a compatibility list to help select the appropriate reference adapters.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
OCT-RA2	Length Adapter for SD-OCT Standard Scanner & OCT-LK2(-BB) Scan Lens Kit	\$605.84	Lead Time
OCT-RA3	Length Adapter for SD-OCT Standard Scanner & OCT-LK3(-BB) Scan Lens Kit	\$605.84	Lead Time
OCT-RA4	Length Adapter for SD-OCT Standard Scanner & OCT-LK4(-BB) Scan Lens Kit	\$605.84	Lead Time

Sample Z-Spacers (Optional Accessories)

- Sample Z-Spacers Position Scanner at Optimal Working Distance From Sample
- Ring (Air) and Immersion (Liquid) Z-Spacers Available



Thorlabs offers both ring and immersion style sample Z-spacers that enable optimal positioning of a scanning system relative to the sample. The OCT-AIR3, OCT-IMM3, and OCT-IMM4 Z-Spacers feature knurled rings that allow the spacing distance to be adjusted and locked in place for increased stability. Several Z-spacer options are available; please see the table below for compatibility with our scanners and lens kits.

Our ring-style Z-spacer provides a distance guide between the scanner and sample. The sample is in contact with the ring-shaped tip of the spacer and should only be used when air is the scanning medium. In contrast, our immersion spacers are equipped with a glass plate that contacts the sample surface within the scanning area. Unlike the ring-style spacer, immersion spacers enable access to samples contained within a liquid environment while also providing sample stabilization. Better index matching and a tilted glass plate also help reduce strong back reflections from the sample surface and enhances the contrast of the image.

Item #	Туре	Adjustable	Adjustment Range	Lockable	Compatible Scanner	Compatible Scan Lens Kit
OCT-AIR3	Ring (Air)	Yes	+3.5 mm / -1.0 mm	Yes		OCT-LK3
OCT-IMM3	Immersion	Yes	+3.4 mm / -1.1 mm	Yes	OCTG13 OCTP-1300(/M)	UCT-LK3
OCT-IMM4	Immersion	Yes	+1.0 mm / -17.0 mm	Yes		OCT-LK4

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
OCT-AIR3	Ring-Style Sample Z-Spacer for OCT-LK3(-BB) Scan Lens Kit	\$848.18	Lead Time
OCT-IMM3	Immersion-Style Sample Z-Spacer for OCT-LK3(-BB) Scan Lens Kit	\$1,029.93	7-10 Days
OCT-IMM4	Immersion-Style Sample Z-Spacer for OCT-LK4(-BB) Scan Lens Kit	\$1,151.09	Lead Time

Scanner Stand (Optional Accessory)



- Recommended Stand for Mounting Standard or User-Customizable Scanners
- Focus Block with Coarse/Fine Z-Axis Travel on Ø1.5" Stainless Steel Post
- 12" x 14" (300 mm x 350 mm) Aluminum Breadboard with 1/4"-20 (M6) Tapped Holes





The focus block can be rotated 45° to move the scanner head away from the sample.

The focus block attaches to a 12" x 14" (300 mm x 350 mm) aluminum breadboard via the included Ø1.5" post. The aluminum breadboard has side grips and rubber feet for easy lifting and transportation. There is an array of 1/4"-20 (M6) tapped holes for mounting optomechanics. Four extra 1/4"-20 (M6) tapped holes allow the mounting of the OCT-XYR1 Translation Stage (sold below) to the OCT-STAND and the OCT-XYR1/M Translation Stage to the OCT-STAND/M directly underneath the scan lens. A 1/4"-20 (M6) counterbore is also provided for securing the Ø1.5" post.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
OCT-STAND/M	Stand for Standard and User-Customizable OCT Scanning Systems, M6 Tapped Holes	\$2,375.86	Today
OCT-STAND	Stand for Standard and User-Customizable OCT Scanning Systems, 1/4"-20 Tapped Holes	\$2,375.86	Today

Translation Stage (Optional Accessory)



- Optional Translation Stage with 0.5" (13 mm) of XY Travel and 360° Rotation
- Includes Cover Plate for Sample Mounting
 - Can Mount Optomechanics by Removing Cover Plate
- Specifications

 Horizontal Load Capacity (Max)
 10 lbs (4.5 kg)

 Mounting Platform Dimensions
 Ø4.18" (Ø106 mm)

 Stage Height
 1.65" (41.8 mm)

 Linear Translation Range
 1/2" (13 mm)

 Travel per Revolution
 0.025" (0.5 mm)

 Graduation
 0.001" (10 µm) per Division



removable for access to tapped holes and the SM1-threaded central hole.

Precise translation and rotation are often required for optimal positioning of a sample before and during OCT imaging. The OCT-

XYR1(/M) is an XY linear translation stage with a rotating platform and solid plate for sample mounting and easy cleaning. The OCT-XYR1 or OCT-XYR1/M stage can be secured to the OCT-STAND or OCT-STAND/M, respectively, using the 1/4" (M6) counterbores at the corners. The top plate is removable for access to 4-40, 8-32 (M4), and 1/4"-20 (M6) tapped holes and an SM1-threaded (1.035"-40) central hole for mounting optomechanical components. The XYR1A Solid Sample Plate can be purchased separately as a direct replacement for the top plate.

The X and Y micrometers offer 1/2" (13 mm) of travel with graduations every 0.001" (10 µm). The stage's rotation and translation can be freely changed without compromising the stability of attached components. An engraved angular scale along the outer edge of the stage's rotating platform allows the user to set the angular orientation of the stage, which can then be fixed using the 5/64" (2 mm) hex locking setscrew. Locking the rotation of the stage does not prevent XY translation using the actuators.

Part Number	Description	Price	Availability
OCT-XYR1/M	XY Stage with Solid Top Plate, 13 mm Travel, 360° Rotation, Metric Taps	\$848.18	Today
OCT-XYR1	XY Stage with Solid Top Plate, 1/2" Travel, 360° Rotation, Imperial Taps	\$848.18	Today